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U.S. Department of Homeland Security 20 Mass, Rm. A3042, 425 I Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20536



FILE:

SRC 03 162 50525

Office: TEXAS SERVICE CENTER

Date: APR 0 7 2004

IN RE:

Petitioner:

Beneficiary:

PETITION:

Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(iii) of the

Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(iii)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The service center director denied the nonimmigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a child daycare center. It seeks classification of the beneficiary as a trainee in day care center management. The director determined that the training would consist entirely of productive employment and on-the-job training. The director also found that the training is general in nature, without a fixed training schedule or means of evaluation.

On appeal, the petitioner states that there is a need for the beneficiary to learn through on-the-job training in order to qualify to take the exams to receive credentials in North Carolina. The petitioner asserts that the study and experience required to take these exams indicates that the training is not only productive employment and on-the-job training.

Section 101(a)(15)(H)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(iii), provides classification for an alien having a residence in a foreign country, which he or she has no intention of abandoning, who is coming temporarily to the United States as a trainee, other than to receive graduate medical education or training, in a training program that is not designed primarily to provide productive employment.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(7) states, in pertinent part:

- (ii) Evidence required for petition involving alien trainee--(A) Conditions. The petitioner is required to demonstrate that:
- (1) The proposed training is not available in the alien's own country;
- (2) The beneficiary will not be placed in a position which is in the normal operation of the business and in which citizens and resident workers are regularly employed:
- (3) The beneficiary will not engage in productive employment unless such employment is incidental and necessary to the training; and
- (4) The training will benefit the beneficiary in pursuing a career outside the United States.
- (B) Description of training program. Each petition for a trainee must include a statement which:
- (1) Describes the type of training and supervision to be given, and the structure of the training program;
- (2) Sets forth the proportion of time that will be devoted to productive employment:
- (3) Shows the number of hours that will be spent, respectively, in classroom instruction and in on-the-job training;

- (4) Describes the career abroad for which the training will prepare the alien;
- (5) Indicates the reasons why such training cannot be obtained in the alien's country and why it is necessary for the alien to be trained in the United States; and
- (6) Indicates the source of any remuneration received by the trainee and any benefit, which will accrue to the petitioner for providing the training.
- (iii) Restrictions on training program for alien trainee. A training program may not be approved which:
- (A) Deals in generalities with no fixed schedule, objectives, or means of evaluation;
- (B) Is incompatible with the nature of the petitioner's business or enterprise;
- (C) Is on behalf of a beneficiary who already possesses substantial training and expertise in the proposed field of training;
- (D) Is in a field in which it is unlikely that the knowledge or skill will be used outside the United States;
- (E) Will result in productive employment beyond that which is incidental and necessary to the training;
- (F) Is designed to recruit and train aliens for the ultimate staffing of domestic operations in the United States:
- (G) Does not establish that the petitioner has the physical plant and sufficiently trained manpower to provide the training specified; or
- (H) Is designed to extend the total allowable period of practical training previously authorized a nonimmigrant student.

The record, as it is presently constituted, contains a copy of the beneficiary's I-94 card and several letters from the petitioner.

The director denied the petition stating that the training is general in nature, without a fixed training schedule, objectives or means of evaluation. The petitioner did not address this issue on appeal, except to state, "There are state approved means of evaluations, and a time frame in which to acquire these credentials." The training schedule submitted in response to the director's request for evidence was extremely vague, with little detail about how the training will actually occur, the structure of the training, and how the beneficiary will be spending her days. In addition, there is no provision for evaluation anywhere in the record. The regulations clearly state that a training program cannot be approved if it deals in generalities with no fixed schedule, objectives, or means of evaluation. 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(7)(iii)(A).

The director also found that the training program is comprised entirely of on-the-job training and productive employment. The regulations require that this type of training be incidental to the actual training, not the sole

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means of the training. There does not appear to be any classroom instruction for the beneficiary considered in this training. The petitioner did mention the possibility that the beneficiary would take some early childhood education classes at the local community college, but again, no detail was provided.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has not sustained that burden. Accordingly, the appeal will be dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.